Foreign Policy: Asia Pacific
Discussion Guide

Let’s review
At the start of each discussion, review the conversation ground rules for returning and new members alike to set the stage for active participation by all. You may want to use a timer as you go around the room. And don’t forget to decide who will take notes and post a discussion recap.

- **Be open and curious:** Everyone has a unique perspective, so listen and be prepared to hear a different point of view. Remember, you do not need to share your political affiliation; this is a discussion and exchange of ideas, not politics.
- **Be respectful and engaged:** Be sure that everyone has a chance to speak before adding a second comment or perspective. Encourage each other’s participation.
- **Be focused and concise:** Keep the conversation centered on the issue and the brief.

The “Table-it” Rule: If the group has gone off-topic but the area is of interest, the group can table the conversation and save it for another time to be addressed in a different manner.

Let’s begin

- **Take five minutes** to review the Executive Summary for this brief. Highlight the main point of each section and key statistics.
- Each member is invited to answer the following questions in a **two-three minute reaction** to the brief:
  - Introduce yourself, and share what “lens of care” did you wear when reviewing this brief (e.g. personal, professional, community, state, nation, global)?
  - What did you find most interesting or surprising from reading the brief? What matters?

Spread the word: facts to share during your discussion

- Asia makes up about [37% of the world's GDP](https://data.oecd.org/economy/oecdeconomygdp.htm) and six of the [U.S. top ten trade partners](https://ustr.gov/trade-agreements-and-reports/top-trading-partners) are in Asia: China, 1st; Japan, 4th; South Korea, 6th; Vietnam, 7th; India, 8th; Taiwan, 9th).
- The U.S. has more than eighty military facilities in Japan and over 60,000 troops stationed there, more than in any other country. The U.S. has over 28,000 troops stationed in South Korea, and the two countries hold joint military exercises and training.
- The U.S., India, and Japan have signed infrastructure deals to attempt to counter China’s growing geopolitical and economic influence with its [Belt and Road Initiative](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Belt_and_Road_Initiative), in which over [130 countries](https://www.beltandroad.gov.cn/english/Initiative/MemberCountry/) have agreed to participate or indicated interest.
Let’s discuss

Below are 3 questions for the group to consider and discuss, or choose your own.

- **Community:** How do international trade factors, such as tariffs, affect individual communities and support for local businesses?
- **Government:** How can the U.S. compete economically with countries like China but also cooperate strategically on mutual security interests?
- **Business:** Should U.S. businesses hold China accountable for human rights and intellectual property rights violations? How can national economic interests be advanced through foreign policy?

Let’s act

1. **Take it local.** Talk to your neighbors to discuss U.S. foreign policy and share information with friends, colleagues, and family. Consider hosting another conversation with co-workers or students. Identify opportunities to work with other community members.
2. **Explore the impact of foreign policy decisions in your community.** Keep track of bills in Congress related to the Asia Pacific region, and stay up to date with information from the House Foreign Affairs Committee and the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. Organize a community gathering about aid, policy, and what your tax dollars are going to support in foreign countries.
3. **Investigate community programs** in your state or municipality. Identify programs or policies that affect migrants, refugees, or armed service veterans in your community. On your state or municipality website, try searching “immigration” or “refugees” in the search bar, or look for your state’s Department of Veterans Affairs.
4. **Research your elected representatives’ positions** on foreign policy, and foreign policy in the Asia Pacific region specifically. You can find contact information for federal, state, and local government officials here. Your state or municipality’s websites will also have information to contact leaders. Try looking at the drop-down menu for a Government tab.
5. **Establish a relationship with your legislators.** It’s easy to establish a relationship with your legislators. Start by introducing yourself. You can also learn to write to your representatives or set up a meeting with a legislator on The Policy Circle website.
6. **Consider writing a letter to the editor or an op-ed on concerns about foreign policy in the Asia Pacific region in your local paper.** Learn how on The Policy Circle website.

Next Steps for Your Circle

- **Post a Recap:** Summarize your discussion to share thoughts with members not present, and share planned actions from group members. Designate who will post a meeting recap on your circle page.
- **Decide your next meeting topic.** Want to discuss a related brief at your next meeting? Suggestions include:
  - Foreign Policy: Middle East
  - Immigration
  - Socialism: A Case Study on Venezuela
- **Dive Deeper into the issues.** If this is an area you would like to pursue further, consider taking possible steps to influence policy. The Policy Circle offers resources for developing a message about your issue and organizing a petition to amplify your voice and raise awareness. Don’t miss our latest events that help you dive deeper on this issue and more.